

Hancock Department

RESERVE LEAVES HERE TUESDAY

Thirty-Seven Men Will Report at
Yantic at Escanaba

The Hancock naval reserve will leave Tuesday afternoon for Escanaba to board the Yantic and participate in the annual cruise that will be held from August 12 to 25.

Left Henry Hecker this morning announced the following list of officers and men who will join the other twenty-two at Escanaba: Alex Zoya, hospital steward; Fred Vanasa, C. M. A.; Joseph Berglund, C. G. M.; Richard Langman, engineer; Lawrence Verrier, first seaman; Edward Nelson, seaman; Theodore Racine, first is. m. Radi Parsons, coxswain; Edward Kella, first quartermaster; Seamen Allen Buchanan, Brodbeck, Bergeson, Currier, Courtney, DeBernardi, Durand, Gustafson, Hansen, Helme, Juntunen, Kangas, Kinnunen, Kikkola, Mettner, Shale, Lundberg, Sundstrom, Sultinen, Shale, Walter Verrier, Wuehlsen, Wylder, Hoffman, Kratt, Doyle and Kael.

The Yantic will arrive at Escanaba on Tuesday from Green Bay and will use on board the First and Fourth divisions on the afternoon of August 12 and the Second Division on the evening of that date. The boat will proceed to Traverse City where the Third division will be taken on board. The boat will then proceed to Chicago after picking up the rest of the fleet August 15 at Milwaukee. The men are to be given shore leave in Milwaukee and officers will be permitted to take civilian clothes along if they do not wish to wear their uniforms continuously.

TO ATTEND MEDICAL SESSIONS.

Dr. E. T. Abrams will visit in East and attend meetings.

Dr. E. T. Abrams, of Dollar Bay and Hancock, will leave early in September on a visit in the east that will keep him away from the copper country for over a month. He will attend two important medical meetings and a session of the state board of health, of which he is the upper peninsula member.

The state medical society will meet in Flint during the first week in September and at that time the Hancock physician will read a paper on "Movable Kidneys." The Flint meeting is a very important one and will be attended by hundreds of physicians throughout the state.

From Flint Dr. Abrams will go to Indianapolis, R. I., and will there attend the annual convention of the American Gynecological society, which will be in session on September 17, 18, and 19. The convention is one of national importance and at this time addresses will be made by physicians and surgeons of international repute.

In route home, Dr. Abrams will attend a regular meeting of the state board of health. He will return early in October.

HANCOCK BOY DESERTER.

Chief Renterbach this morning received a communication informing him that Hugo Norman Perander had recently deserted from the U. S. S. "North Dakota" and that Perander, when enlisting in Portland, Ore., on October 15, 1912, had given his place of residence as Hancock, Mich. The boy was 21 years old. Chief Renterbach is searching for the boy's relatives here but so far they have not been found.

♦ HANCOCK BREVITIES. ♦

Miss James Wivell has returned from Crystal Falls, where she visited friends for a week.

Irving Schumaker, of Hancock, left yesterday for St. Louis, where he expects to locate.

Francis McGrath arrived yesterday from Detroit, where he is now located, for a visit with Hancock friends.

Miss Catherine Koch, teacher in the Kalamazoo school, is here for a visit with Miss Adelle Sotney.

Miss Jennie Lundstrom arrived in Hancock yesterday to join her uncle, Chris Nelson. She comes direct from Sweden, her home.

Henry Funky, Jr., of Senter, expects to leave this evening for Detroit, where he will locate.

The meeting of the strikers, which was to have been held at the Kansan-ki hall here this evening, has been cancelled, owing to the scheduling of a meeting at Houghton this afternoon.

A furnace will be installed at the Soudi college in the near future, the excavation being nearly completed. The installation of the furnace was authorized at a recent meeting of the directors.

President Jacob Baer has announced that the school board has accepted the resignation of Principal Stanley Chalm of the E. L. Wright school. His successor will be named next Tuesday evening.

The Misses May Keough, Irene Kinnunen, Anna Carroll and Genevieve Caden have returned from Marquette where they attended the summer session at the Marquette normal.

Dr. L. M. Power left yesterday for Green Bay to visit. He was accompanied by his brother, Mayor Power, of Billings, who is here on a visit.

Rev. McMillan of Ripley is home from Detroit.

PROF. GREEN TO SPEAK SUNDAY

Will Not Ask Money From Epworth
League During Strike

Prof. Clarence W. Green of Albion college will speak tomorrow morning at the Hancock M. E. church in the interests of Albion College and the state Epworth league. Prof. Green came here with the intention of asking the copper country league to make preparations to raise their pro-rata share of the \$10,000 pledge that the state league had made to help Albion college build a new physical laboratory but owing to the strike here, Prof. Green will not seek the appropriation.

Prof. Green will spend a week in the copper country and will speak at most of the Methodist churches. His visit here will be the first of a series.

Prof. Green is an active worker in the league and is one of the best informed men in the state in its affairs. He is a powerful talker and will be welcomed here by a large congregation. His mission will be but partially successful in that he will be obliged to leave the copper country without actively encouraging the raising of the funds needed but he hopes that the copper country league will take the initiative in this when times improve.

STRIKE PREVENTS CIRCUS COMING TO COPPER COUNTRY

SUPT. EHLERS OF COPPER
RANGE ANNOUNCES CANCELLATION.

Dollar Bros' circus, that was scheduled to appear in Calumet, August 11, and in Hancock August 12 has cancelled its copper country engagements owing to the strike, announced Superintendent Ehlers of the Copper Range railroad, and will not play in Hancock or Calumet this year.

The circus held off the cancellation until the last minute, hoping that the strike could be settled but when the dates for playing the copper country were but three days off, were forced to re-arrange its schedule.

This announcement of the cancellation puts an end to the wonder that has been expressed by many as to the fate of the circus. The copper country was billed nearly two months ago, the announcements carrying the date of the appearance here as August 12.

WAGNER FUNERAL TOMORROW.

Interment Will Be Made in Houghton
Cemetery from Dollar Bay.

The funeral of the late Charles Wagner, who was so badly injured in an automobile accident last Sunday, that he passed away Thursday, will be held tomorrow afternoon from Dollar Bay with interment in Forest Hill cemetery in Houghton.

The deceased was a member of Quincy E. & A. M., and that Masonic order will have charge of the funeral. Rev. Brown, of the Dollar Bay M. E. church, will have charge of the services.

PLANT SHUTS DOWN.

The Lake Superior Sandstone and Brick company of Ripley has been forced to suspend operations at the plant in Ripley owing to the strike. Lack of orders for material is the reason given by Manager Wyckoff for the suspension. The company will continue shipping for some time from the stock on hand.

To Calculate Longevity.

"Bacon took a deep interest in longevity and its earmarks," said a physician, "and Bacon's signs of long life and of short life are as true today as they ever were. You won't live long, Bacon pointed out, if you have soft, fine hair, a fine skin, quick growth, large head, early corpulence, short neck, small mouth, brittle and separated teeth and fat ears. Your life, barring accidents, will be very lengthy if you have slow wrinkles in the forehead, firm flesh, a large mouth, wide nostrils, strong teeth set close together and a hard, gritty ear."

Obligation Both Ways.

"Some of those pictures are genuine old masters," said Mr. Canaro. "Of course you are very proud to have them."

"Yes, and I have no doubt the old masters would have considerable respect for me if they knew what I paid for them."—Washington Star.

A Social Catastrophe.

"Was no one injured in the railway collision?"

"No, but nevertheless it was a most painful situation. First, second, third and fourth class passengers all mingled together. Simply unheard of!"—Fliegende Blätter.

Not an Expert Opinion.

"He has just returned from Mexico. He says a Mexican burro is the most aggravatingly stubborn thing on earth."

"He Isn't married."

The prayers of Rev. Henry M. Conden, blind chaplain of the House of Representatives, delivered during the congressional sessions, have been printed in book form by order of Congress.

SANCTUARY IN ENGLAND.

The Principle Still Survives to a Limited Degree.

Much water has flowed under London bridge since the British criminal could defy the strong arm of the law by the single expedient of escaping to the nearest church or hospital and claiming the protection of the "sanctuary." For down to the early Stuart days Great Britain had thousands of just such refuges for the criminal, from cathedrals and royal palaces to scores of towns and cities, where the man guilty of felony could laugh with impunity at the officers of law and justice for a period ranging up to forty days. If within that time he chose to go before the coroner, clothed in penitence and sackcloth, and confess his guilt, he was free to quit the realm without any hand daring to stay him.

Although no such asylum exists today for the criminal, the principle of the "sanctuary" still manages to survive. This privilege refers only to civil offenses and not to crimes as in the olden days, and yet the privileges are of considerable value.

No clergyman can be arrested within the walls of his church or while he is going to or returning from his duty. Bishops and archbishops are still more protected, for not one of them can be laid before a magistrate even though the cause is a crime, unless the king especially commands it. Nor even up to the present time has any warrant an effect within the precincts of any of the king's palaces.—Chicago Tribune.

COLORS OF THE SKY.

And Their Connection With Stormy or
Sunny Weather.

In "Our Own Weather" Edwin C. Martin, after noting the indications of weather shown by barometric readings, the variations of the winds and their meaning, the ever changing forms of the clouds, shows how the colors of the sky act as weather signs.

Ordinary observation has gathered a great number of weather signs from simply the ever varying colors of the sky. Among the more familiar and reliable ones are:

A bright blue sky is the sky of fine weather.

A bright yellow sky at sunset promises winds, a pale yellow sky rain and a "sleeky greenish" sky both wind and rain. A rosy sky at sunset promises fair weather, but a dark red sky at sunset promises rain. A red sky in the morning promises wind or rain. "A red sun has water in his eye."

"If the sun sets in dark, heavy clouds, expect rain the next day." Even a gray sunset indicates rain. But a gray morning indicates a fine day.

"When the sun draws water rain follows soon."

And, finally, what in this connection it would be perhaps the most reproachful of all possible omissions not to mention:

Rainbow at night.
Sailor's delight;
Rainbow in the morning,
Sailor's warning.

The Great White Shark.

The man eating fish par excellence is the great white shark. It is otherwise known by the name of man eater. Occasionally specimens are seen on both coasts of the United States, though its more customary habitat is in tropical waters. This frightful creature attains a length of nearly forty feet, and it is able to swallow a man whole. This fact is proved by an experiment which sailors are fond of making when such a shark is captured. The shark being preserved, they amuse themselves by crawling one after another through the distended jaws. It would be unsafe to do this, however, when the head has been freshly cut off, because under such conditions the jaws will snap together fiercely for some time afterward if anything is placed between them.

Legend of the Moss Rose.

A German tradition gives the origin of the moss rose as follows: An angel came to earth in mortal guise. He sought a place of shelter and repose after his labors of love, but every door was shut against the heavenly visitor. At length the angel, being very weary, sank upon the ground and over him a roselike spread like a tent. It caught upon its outspread leaves the falling dew which would otherwise have drenched the messenger of love. Waking, the angel yielded the shelter that Thou hast denied.

A proof of my love shall with thee abide,
And the green moss gathered about the stem
While the dewdrops shone like a diadem,
Crowning the blushing flower.

Naturally.

The teacher had been reading to the class about the great forests of America.

"And now, boys," she announced, "which one of you can tell me the pins that has the longest and the sharpest needles?"

Up went a hand in the front row.

"Well, Tommy?"

"The porcupine."—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Only Explanation.

"Remember," said the fair visitor to convict 2323, "that stone walls do not a prison make nor iron bars a cage."

"Well, den, lady," replied 2323, "de warden's solit' got me hypnotized."

Try It.

Start out with the intention of calling everything by its right name and you will change your mind before you have gone a block.—Chicago News.

New chapel to be erected for University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, will cost \$500,000.

Akron, O., man while eating clams a few days ago, bit on a pearl valued at \$1,000.

UPPER PENINSULA

"Ringer" Won at Calumet—

The Manistique Pioneer-Tribune says: LeRoy Kline has left for his home in Rice Lake, Wis. Mr. Kline accompanied the Manistique firemen to Red Jacket and won the firemen's 100-yard dash for them.

Donates to Labor Day—

The Escanaba city council has voted unanimously to donate \$200 to the Trades and Labor council of the city, to aid in providing for the annual Labor day celebration and has accepted the invitation from that body to participate in the observance. Last year a similar sum was donated.

Oil Districts Re-Arranged—

The upper peninsula has been divided into three districts by the state oil inspector and the nineteenth district, of which George E. Holbein of Manistique, is inspector, now consists of Schoolcraft, Alger, Luce, Mackinac and Chippewa counties, Marquette county, which formerly belonged to the district in question, is now a portion of the sixteenth district. The nineteenth district has heretofore been the largest in the state, and the new arrangement is in the nature of an equalization.

Long Automobile Trip—

Frank J. Sullivan and his sisters have returned to Ironwood from an automobile trip of about three weeks, during which they traveled more than 2,500 miles, going to Chicago and thence to Detroit and returning, crossing the lake by boat from Grand Haven to Milwaukee and traveling up through Wisconsin by way of Antigo and thence across to Tomahawk and to the Soo Line. They encountered no bad weather nor car trouble and say that the trip could not have been more enjoyable.

No New Lighting System Yet—

Although Escanaba will not at once adopt a new special lighting system for its principal streets the project will probably be taken up at a later date by the council and the Business Men's association. The board of public works estimates the cost at \$10,199.95. The council has decided that the cost would be too great for the city to undertake at this time but the matter has been held in abeyance until a later time when it may be taken up by the council lighting committee and the Business Men's association.

Mining Stock Case in Court—

Samuel Crawford, lumberman of Cedar River, Menominee county, has started suit in the circuit court for Marinette county, Wisconsin, against Francis A. Brown, of Marinette. The case will be an important one. Mr. Crawford claims that Mr. Brown is indebted to him in a large sum, the claim arising out of the holdings of the two men of shares in the capital stock of the Muldon Mining company incorporated in the territory of Arizona in 1907. The case will probably be held for trial at the October term of the circuit court but it is likely it will be postponed because, it is said, a number of depositions will have to be taken from witnesses residing in Idaho and other outside states.

Escanaba Policemen Rebel—

The members of the city police department at Escanaba will each be required to give a bond in the amount of \$500 in compliance with an ordinance passed by the council. It was reported to the aldermen that the ordinance had been ignored by all but two members of the force. As a result an amendment which eliminated the bond feature was presented by Alderman Edward Smith and was voted down six to five. It was explained that the members of the force had banded together in refusing to comply with the ordinance. A majority of the members of the council then took the reins and asserted that unless a member of the department filed proper bond in the amount of \$500 he must quit the department. The situation is unusual but it is likely the action taken by the aldermen will result in all members of the department filing proper and sufficient bond with the city clerk.

Leigh Hunt's Chaotic Home.

A curious description of Leigh Hunt's house, where the poet lived with his wife and six children, is that given by Carlyle, as recorded in "Balletin and Review of the Keats-Shelley Memorial House."

"Hunt's house exerts all you have ever read of—a poetical tinkered without parallel even in literature. In his family room, where are a sickly large wife and a whole shoal of well conditioned, wild children, you will find half a dozen rickety chairs gathered from half a dozen different hucksters. On these and around them and over the dusty table and ragged carpet lie all kinds of litter—books, papers, eggshells, scissors and, last night when I was there, the torn heart of a half quarter loaf. His own room he keeps cleaner."

A Real Born Lady.

The word "lady" has been variously defined. Perhaps the best test, however, of "ladylikeness" is that cited by G. W. E. Russell in one of his books. "A good woman who let furnished apartments in a country town describing a lodger who had apparently 'known better days' said: 'I am positive she was a real born lady, for she hadn't the least idea of how to do anything for herself. It took her hours to peel her potatoes.'" The admiration of the worker for the "out of work" is one of the strongest phenomena of our modern civilization.—London Graphic.

Never having missed Sunday school for twenty consecutive years is the record held by three brothers in Germantown, Pa.—Stanley R. Ellwood R. and H. Warren Doernach.

Gossip of Market and Mines by Minnear & Co.

(Continued from Page Two.)

Year would have lost money. As it was, the report shows a net profit of only \$1,900 for the six months' operations, whereas during the same period a year ago, the net gain from operations was \$232,000. Per Isle Royale to break better than even with a cost of 15.61 cents per pound, it is evident that the Calumet & Hecla company was very fortunate in disposing of the product, as the average selling price of the metal for the first six months of 1912 was very close to 15.4 cents, or it may be considerable copper was carried over from last year, which was figured at a low price.

This cost of 15.61 compares with the same period for 1912 of 11.01 and 11.39 for the year 1912. The increase in the mining expense was the principal reason for this increased cost, this item alone being 13.48 cents or 4.47 cents greater than for the same period in 1912.

In explanation of this, President Aessiz has the following to say:

"The increased cost of copper per pound is largely due to the falling off in the copper contents of the rock. The greater amount of openings made, and the shortage of labor, have been contributing causes to the increased cost."

"The showing in stopes and openings on the Isle Royale lode has not been up to the average of last year. The amount of openings has been at the rate of more than 25 per cent greater than that of last year. The development work on the West or Grand Portage lode has given satisfactory results."

There were treated for the first six months 259,123 tons, giving a yield of 13.3 pounds of refined copper per ton, whereas for the same period of 1912 about 19,999 more were treated carrying refined contents of 15.9 pounds per ton.

On March 31st a dividend of \$1.00 per share was distributed to stockholders, and as the balance of assets on Jan. 1st, 1913, was \$257,000, Isle Royale now has over \$400,000 in the treasury. It is hardly to be expected that any further disbursements will be made this year, and especially if the labor difficulties are prolonged any length of time.

CALUMET & BISBEE—

Stockholders in this company were very much surprised at receiving a bid of \$1.00 per share for their holdings. This bid was made by a responsible Bisbee banker and is bona-fide to the best of our knowledge.

We have been asked by a number of stockholders as to whether or not it would be advisable to take advantage of this bid, and to all we have replied: "Inasmuch as you have carried the stock so long, we deem it advisable to hold it and await further developments."

The party who is now bidding \$1.00 per share for this stock endeavored to secure an option from the directors of the company about a year ago, and his recent action certainly indicates his persistent desire to get hold of this property. The price he was willing to pay for the property, providing he was given an option extending for a year, was considerable in excess of the present bid.

There are only approximately 20,000 shares of this issue outstanding from a total capitalization of 40,000 shares of a par value of \$10.00. The company own outright 2 1/2 claims or about 50 acres of ground adjoining the Lake Superior & Pittsburg property of the Calumet & Arizona. This ground is very favorably located and would seem to be worth much more than \$1.00 per share or \$400 per acre.

Then again, when operations were discontinued, the shaft at this property was down to a depth of about 960 feet and in some very promising ground. This company, like many others, had to cease operations owing to the lack of funds. However, the management did not allow for the expenditure of all the funds, but retained sufficient money to pay the taxes on this property and hold it almost indefinitely.

The action of the directors in taking this stand can now be appreciated by stockholders, for after waiting ten years, the owners of the adjoining property are demonstrating the value of Calumet & Bisbee claims without any expense to the latter company.

SUPERIOR & BOSTON—

Stockholders of this company are anxiously awaiting news from the 10th level, and will be pleased to learn that the drift has not been advanced far enough to the east to pick up the main body. The management feels quite certain that the ore body being developed on the levels above will be found to extend down below this 10th level.

Work on the 12th level was discontinued, but will be resumed when sufficient data has been obtained from the development work on the 10th level to give them the approximate position of this body of ore being developed. The discontinuation of this work is expected to result in a saving to the company as later they will know just where to expect results.

On the 8th level the drift being run to intersect the Geo. Vadas vein is being continued. It is probable 2 1/2 feet further will have to be driven before picking up the vein in this crosscut, though in the past week reports are that copper stains are showing in the formation.

Ore shipments continue to be made at the rate of from 100 to 150 tons daily, coming principally from development work on the 600 level, and the sub-level 149 feet below the 6th level. This ore is being shipped to El Paso and is averaging better than 6%. It is quite likely these shipments will be increased to nearly 200 tons a day in a short while, as the management is preparing chutes on the 800 level and will begin stoping from that point in the near future.

We are told by one in a position to know that Superior & Boston is more than paying expenses, and with the increased shipments and the better price for metal, they should be able to add to the surplus.

KEWEENAW COPPER—

A third diamond drill outfit will be operating before long on the Phoenix property of the Keweenaw Copper. This outfit was recently operated at the Adventure and will be moved to the Phoenix tract at an early date.

The point at which drilling will be resumed on this tract is about one-half a mile east of the pavilion at Crestview Park, and will continue the exploratory work started there in 1910. At that time six holes were driven along a strike of 3,600 feet and showed the average width of the vein to be 45 feet.

Five of these holes penetrated the lode at a depth of

150 feet below the outcrop while the sixth was considerably deeper. The new series of holes like those just described will cut the lode at shallow depth but later a cross-section will be made to show the contents of the lode at a greater depth.

Phoenix was controlled by the Keweenaw Copper for some time past and about a year ago an offer of one share of Keweenaw for ten Phoenix was made. The last report showed a majority of this stock had been exchanged on this basis.

CALUMET & ARIZONA—

The strength in the metal market has not been reflected in the price of this issue as much as it would have been were it not for the near approach of the time for dividend announcement, when it is expected the rate of disbursement will be reduced. As one connected with the company stated, stockholders should be more than pleased if anything over \$1.00 a share disbursement is made at this time, although the price of the metal and the condition of the metal market will influence the directors to a great extent in deciding what amount to pay. The meeting for dividend action will probably be held the latter part of this month.

The June production of 1,600 tons, which was given out recently, showed a material falling off, or 1,100,000 pounds less than the previous month. We are told that the July product will also be lower than the average monthly output. The reason given for this is the changing from the old smelter to the new, and a lower grade of ore being treated until all the smelter equipment has been thoroughly tried out.

The coming quarterly Calumet & Arizona dividend will be payable about the same time that the option on control of the New Cornelia property falls due. Developments at this property, we are told, have been quite satisfactory and there is every indication that the option will be exercised.

The group of claims under option in the Superior district is being developed by a shaft which has attained a depth of 500 feet, at which point lateral work is being prosecuted. Considerable water is being encountered in shaft sinking of late, and this has slightly interfered with the work. This property is being developed in a very economical manner as all machinery is being operated by electricity, power being received over transmission lines from Winkelman. So far developments have not reached a sufficiently advanced stage to predict results.

WOLVERINE—

The annual report of this company covering the period ending June 30th has been issued to stockholders. It shows that the copper contents in the rock mined is much lower than for the previous year. In 1912 the yield per ton was 21.49 pounds as compared with 25.45 pounds in 1912. The tonnage of rock stamped also showed a slight falling off.

The total cost for the year 1912 was 8.665 as compared with 7.586 for 1912. Most of this increase in the cost was at the mine, the mining cost item alone increasing from 6.75 in 1912 to 7.55 in 1913. Cost of smelting and marketing showed an increase of .3 of a cent.

As is only natural considering the fact that Wolverine is only a liquidating proposition, the output for the year of refined copper showed a falling off of 1,658,000 pounds. In the last twelve months, 8,250,000 pounds were produced as compared with the 1912 product of 9,408,000.

Even with the great falling off in production, the net profit for the year as compared with that for the previous year only declined \$11,667.99 owing to the high selling price obtained for the product. Total net profits for the year were \$691,514, and the dividend disbursements amounted to \$600,000, leaving a surplus on the year's operations of \$1,514 and a total surplus of \$748,934, or equivalent to over \$12.00 per share on the 60,000 shares outstanding.

The report states that the ground exposed in the lower levels, though not continuously mineralized, gives promise for a fair product for the coming year. In the upper levels, blocks of ground are being worked which heretofore were passed by as looking too lean. The report makes it plain to stockholders that most of the values are coming from cleaning up old workings and further that the lower levels are not keeping up to the average of the mine.

GRANBY—

The quarterly dividend was announced the past week. It calls for the payment of \$1.50 per share on September 2nd to stockholders of record August 15th.

VICTORIA—

We are told on good authority that last month this company showed a yield per ton of rock of over 12 pounds refined as compared with 7.2 refined in the year 191